## Claims

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## What is claimed is

- An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence or a fragment thereof encoding the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:3
- The nucleic acid of Claim 1, wherein said nucleotide sequence comprises the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:4 or a fragment thereof of at least 18 base pairs up to the full length of the open reading frame encoding said amino acid sequence.
- 3. The nucleic acid of Claim 2, wherein said fragment is between 18 and 500 base pairs.
- A nucleic acid fragment that hybridizes to SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:4 under stringent hybridization conditions and has other than a nucleotide sequence as shown in Figure 2.
- 5. The nucleic acid fragment of Claim 4, wherein the fragment contains a label for detection selected from the group consisting of a radioisotope, an enzyme, a particle and a protein.
- 6. An antibody that binds specifically to the amino acid sequence or portion thereof set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:3.
- 7. The antibody of Claim 6 wherein said antibody is polyclonal.
- 8. The antibody of Claim 7 wherein said antibody is monoclonal.
- 9. An isolated nucleic acid construct comprising a transcriptional initiation sequence operably linked to SEQ NO:2 or SEQ NO:4.
- 10. A recombinant vector comprising the nucleic acid construct of Claim 9.
- The vector of Claim 10 wherein, SEQ NO:2 of SEQ NO:4 is operably linked in a sense orientation with respect to said transcriptional initiation sequence.
- 12. The transcriptional initiation sequence of Claim 9, wherein said initiation sequence provides wound induced, expression of SEQ NO:2 or SEQ NO:4.
- 13. A transgenic plant cell or bacterial cell comprising the vector of Claim 11.
- A degenerate primer pair based on Phenylalanine ammonia-lyase homologous sequences in closely related plants, wherein first primer of said paired primers is GAYCCNYTNAAYTGGGG and second primer of said paired primers is CCYTGRAARTTNCCNCCRTG



A method of producing a transgenic cell having altered phenylalanine ammonia-lyase levels, said method comprising

introducing an expression cassette comprising a transcription initiation sequence operably linked to an open reading frame coding for SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:3 or an enaymatically active fragment thereof, and,

growing said cell whereby said open reading frame is expressed and a cell having altered phenylalanine ammonia-lyase is produced.

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16. The method of Claim 15, wherein open reading frame is shown in SEQ ID NO:2 or SEQ ID NO:4.

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17. The method of Claim 16, wherein expression of said open reading frame results in an increase in an activity selected from the group consisting of antifungal, antibacterial and insecticidal activity.

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18. A method for measuring the relative amount of phenylalanine ammonia-lyase levels in a tissue, said method comprising:

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contacting said tissue with antibodies specific for the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:3, and;

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comprising a detectable label wherein a change in the intensity of said detectable label in said tissue as compared to a control tissue is indicative of an increase or decrease of phenylalanine ammonia-lyase in said tissue.

19. The method of Claim 19, wherein said antibodies are polyclonal.

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20. The method of Claim 20, wherein said antibodies are monoclonal.

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A kit for measuring phenylalanine ammonia-lyase protein levels in an article of produce, comprising:

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antibodies specific for the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO.1 or SEQ ID NO.3 or a particle thereof.

Antibodies specific for the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID

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NO:3 or a particle thereof, wherein said antibodies are polyclonal.

Antibodies specific for the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID

NO:3 or a particle thereof, wherein said antibodies are monoclonal.

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